

Burnable Waste

Use clear plastic bags. Tie up the bags when you put out them. Wrap hygiene products (sanitary products like diapers and so on) in paper when you put out.



Kitchen waste Please drain sufficiently.	Cooking oil Please use old cloth or paper to absorb it, or use coagulant.	Wood chips Disposable with a Waste Disposal Ticket Garden wood, scrap wood Cut wood into pieces measuring up to 5 cm in thickness and 1 m in length, tie them up with a piece of string no longer than 1 m and affix a two-fold Waste Disposal Ticket to the string.
Cloth Underwear, towels, clothes, pillows, etc.	Paper Paper diapers (waste disposed of in the toilet) Carbon paper Thermal paper Tissue paper	Other Grass (will be removed) Cat litter and pets' waste (to be flushed in the toilet whenever possible) Put matches and fireworks out for collection only after stamping them.

Non-Burnable Waste

Use clear plastic bags. Tie up the bags when you put out them. Rinse the inside of plastic containers. In case of broken glass, wrap it in paper.



Leather products Bags not made of cloth Shoes etc.	Glass waste Broken glass Mirrors Ceramics Crystal glass Cosmetics bottles	Small electric appliances Disposable with a Waste Disposal Ticket Radios & cassette recorders, word processors Vacuum cleaners Video decks Electric fans	Metals Pots, kettles Frying pans
Metal bottle-caps Beer bottle-caps Metal caps of beverage bottles	Plastic products Toothbrushes Basins Buckets Plastic film (after use at home)	Padded items Cushions Stuffed toys	Other Umbrellas Toys Desiccant

Recyclable Trash Six Types

There are 6 kinds of separation for recyclable trash. You need to separate them by 6 bags. Bags should be clear plastic bags. Remove the contents, rinse the inside of bottles and drain before putting them out for collection.



Bottles Returnable bottles One-way bottles Transparent Brown Other Milk Sake Jam Stamina drinks 1.8-liter sake bottles and beer bottles should be put out in separate bags. Cosmetics bottles and crystal glass bottles are "non-burnable waste."	Rules of putting out waste for collection Remove the contents, rinse the inside of bottles and drain before putting them out for collection.
Plastic bottles PET Do not crush plastic bottles. Remove caps and labels and put bottles in bags designed for recyclable waste of plastic containers and packing materials.	Paper containers and packing materials Paper boxes Paper bags Paper cartons Paper lids Being bulky, they should be folded before being put into bags.
Cans Juice Beer Green tea Do not flatten steel and aluminum cans. Put them in the same bag. When putting out spray cans for collection, use up the contents and perforate the can outdoors or in a well-ventilated place beforehand. If the contents remain in the can, it cannot be collected.	Plastic containers and packing materials Bottles Packs Plastic bags Nets Tubes Cling-film Lids Trays Buffer material Cups Deodorant Shampoo Meds eliminating spray Plastic bags Pudding cups Cup noodles Mustard tubes Mayonnaise tubes
Paper cartons Paper cartons Drinkable yogurt Drain, open out and bundle them up beforehand.	

Other Recyclable Trash

Please separate it into the following groups marked with ●

● Fliers, magazines, publications, toilet roll cores, etc Please put toilet paper and other cores inside magazines and publications.	● Newspaper 	● Cardboard boxes Remove staples (non-burnable waste) and packaging tape (burnable waste), fold the cardboard boxes and bind them with string.
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Put out small metal items as "non-burnable waste."

Hazardous Waste

Put out fluorescent tubes, dry cell batteries and mercury clinical thermometers separately.

Dry cell batteries Dry cell batteries	Mercury clinical thermometers Digital (liquid crystal) clinical thermometers are "non-burnable waste".	Fluorescent tubes Use the boxes and cases containing fluorescent tubes at the time of purchase. Put out broken fluorescent tubes for collection as "non-burnable waste".
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